

**BOMOCO LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

BOMOCO LIMITED
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

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BOMOCO LIMITED
Abridged Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2020

Registered number: 02723016

	Notes	2020		2019	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		3,269		3,633
			3,269		3,633
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,631,397		2,514,045	
Debtors		2,476,404		2,096,130	
Cash at bank and in hand		154,986		313,810	
		4,262,787		4,923,985	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(1,760,542)		(2,741,854)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			2,502,245		2,182,131
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,505,514		2,185,764
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year			(250,000)		-
NET ASSETS			2,255,514		2,185,764
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	4		70,000		70,000
Profit and Loss Account			2,185,514		2,115,764
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,255,514		2,185,764

BOMOCO LIMITED
Abridged Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 December 2020

Directors' responsibilities:

- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.
- All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet for the year end 31 December 2020 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Mr Amarjit Shokar

Director

18/08/2021

Mr Kamaljit Shokar

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

BOMOCO LIMITED
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	10
Fixtures & Fittings	10

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 10 (2019: NIL)

BOMOCO LIMITED
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

3. Tangible Assets

	Total
	£
Cost	
As at 1 January 2020	192,378
As at 31 December 2020	192,378
Depreciation	
As at 1 January 2020	188,745
Provided during the period	364
As at 31 December 2020	189,109
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2020	3,269
As at 1 January 2020	3,633

4. Share Capital

	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	70,000	70,000

5. FRC Ethical Standard - Provision Available for Small Entities

In common with other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

6. Audit Information

The auditors report on the account of BOMOCO LIMITED for the year ended 31 December 2020 was unqualified

The auditor's report was signed by Shahbaz Munir (FCCA) (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Adam & Co , Statutory Auditor

Adam & Co
1st Floor
1 Edmund Street
Bradford
West Yorkshire
BD5 0BH

7. General Information

BOMOCO LIMITED is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 02723016 . The registered office is 299-307 Collier Row Lane, Collier Row, Romford, Essex, RM5 3ND.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.