

Company registration number: 03540538

Express Steels & Fabrications Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2025

Express Steels & Fabrications Limited

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr J Sweeney
Mrs J L Sweeney

Company number

03540538

Registered office

Unit 16C Tremorfa Industrial Estate
Off Rover Way
Cardiff
CF24 5SD

Accountants

Beverley & Williams Accountants Ltd
Unit A St Davids House
Feeder Row
Cwmcarn
Newport, Gwent
NP11 7ED

Express Steels & Fabrications Limited

Statement of financial position

31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	47,217		37,256	
		<u>47,217</u>	47,217	<u>37,256</u>	37,256
Current assets					
Stocks		37,000		22,000	
Debtors	6	135,335		125,140	
Cash at bank and in hand		467,065		472,922	
		<u>639,400</u>		<u>620,062</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(320,423)		(312,646)	
		<u>(320,423)</u>		<u>(312,646)</u>	
Net current assets			318,977		307,416
			<u>318,977</u>		<u>307,416</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			366,194		344,672
			<u>366,194</u>		<u>344,672</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(1,588)		(11,791)
Provisions for liabilities			(11,804)		(9,314)
			<u>(11,804)</u>		<u>(9,314)</u>
Net assets			352,802		323,567
			<u>352,802</u>		<u>323,567</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			62		62
Capital redemption reserve			51		51
Profit and loss account			352,689		323,454
			<u>352,689</u>		<u>323,454</u>
Shareholders funds			352,802		323,567
			<u>352,802</u>		<u>323,567</u>

For the year ending 31 March 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 May 2025 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Sweeney

Director

Company registration number: 03540538

Express Steels & Fabrications Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 16C Tremorfa Industrial Estate, Off Rover Way, Cardiff, CF24 5SD.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	20 % reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	20 % reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 8 (2024: 7).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2024	113,558	2,062	59,440	175,060
Additions	-	-	20,000	20,000
At 31 March 2025	113,558	2,062	79,440	195,060
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2024	100,428	1,357	36,019	137,804
Charge for the year	2,626	141	7,272	10,039
At 31 March 2025	103,054	1,498	43,291	147,843
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2025	10,504	564	36,149	47,217
At 31 March 2024	13,130	705	23,421	37,256

6. Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Trade debtors	133,477	123,756
Other debtors	1,858	1,384
	135,335	125,140

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank loan	10,648	10,648
Trade creditors	194,195	189,946
Corporation tax	38,638	51,140
Social security and other taxes	23,717	18,431
Other creditors	53,225	42,481
	320,423	312,646

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank loan	1,588	11,791
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2025

	Balance brought forward	Advances / (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Mr J Sweeney	(15,553)	34,628	(40,000)	(20,925)
Mrs J L Sweeney	(15,553)	34,628	(40,000)	(20,925)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(31,106)	69,256	(80,000)	(41,850)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

2024

	Balance brought forward	Advances / (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Mr J Sweeney	(22,205)	46,652	(40,000)	(15,553)
Mrs J L Sweeney	(22,205)	46,652	(40,000)	(15,553)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(44,410)	93,304	(80,000)	(31,106)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. Related party transactions

Express Steels & Fabrications Limited paid rent to the Express Fabrications Retirement & Death Benefits Scheme of £27,500 during this financial year. Mr J Sweeney is a trustee of the scheme and a director and shareholder of Express Steels & Fabrications Limited .

11. Controlling party

The company is ultimately under the control of Mr J Sweeney .

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.