

**Company registration number: 06486502**

**Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

**Unaudited filleted financial statements**

**31 January 2023**

# **Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

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**Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

**Directors and other information**

**Director**

D A Allen

**Company number**

06486502

**Registered office**

1a Gardden Industrial Estate  
Ruabon  
Wrexham  
LL14 6RG

**Business address**

1a Gardden Industrial Estate  
Ruabon  
Wrexham  
LL14 6RG

**Accountants**

Hargreaves & Woods  
Cholmondeley House  
Dee Hills Park  
Chester  
CH3 5AR

## **Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

### **Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

**Year ended 31 January 2023**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd. for the year ended 31 January 2023 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/>.

This report is made solely to the director of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd., as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 14 July 2022. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd. and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Prime Passenger Seating Ltd. and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Prime Passenger Seating Ltd. has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.. You consider that Prime Passenger Seating Ltd. is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hargreaves & Woods

Chartered Accountants

Cholmondeley House

Dee Hills Park

Chester

CH3 5AR

9 August 2023

**Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

**Statement of financial position**

**31 January 2023**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	<b>5</b>	2,636		12,035	
		<u>          </u>	2,636	<u>          </u>	12,035
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		70,865		108,247	
Debtors	<b>6</b>	284,030		186,258	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,302		5,440	
		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	
		384,197		299,945	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>7</b>	( 354,387)		( 268,120)	
		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			29,810		31,825
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			32,446		43,860
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	<b>8</b>	( 23,464)		( 35,685)	
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			223		( 1,403)
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
<b>Net assets</b>			9,205		6,772
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			9,195		6,762
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			9,205		6,772
			<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>

For the year ending 31 January 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 09 August 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D A Allen

Director

## **Prime Passenger Seating Ltd.**

### **Notes to the financial statements**

**Year ended 31 January 2023**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Wales. The address of the registered office is 1a Gardden Industrial Estate, Ruabon, Wrexham, LL14 6RG.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

##### **Operating leases**

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.



## **Tangible assets**

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25 % straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	25 % straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

## **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

## **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

## **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

## **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

## **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 10 (2022: 12 ).

#### 5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>				
<b>At 1 February 2022 and 31 January 2023</b>	85,835	6,848	50,079	142,762
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 February 2022	76,032	4,618	50,079	130,729
Charge for the year	8,282	1,115	-	9,397
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>At 31 January 2023</b>	84,314	5,733	50,079	140,126
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
<b>At 31 January 2023</b>	1,521	1,115	-	2,636
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 January 2022	9,803	2,230	-	12,033
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

#### 6. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	283,660	185,888
Other debtors	370	370
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	284,030	186,258
	<hr/>	<hr/>

#### 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,009	8,000
Trade creditors	231,113	151,400
Corporation tax	8,500	-
Social security and other taxes	21,636	11,952
Other creditors	85,129	96,768
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	354,387	268,120
	<hr/>	<hr/>

## 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	19,872	27,590
Other creditors	3,592	8,095
	<u>23,464</u>	<u>35,685</u>

## 9. Controlling party

As of 1 March 2021 the company is controlled by Prime Vehicle Interiors Ltd.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.