

**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**  
Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements  
for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023

# J Tinlin Joinery Ltd

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**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

**Company Information**

<b>Directors</b>	J A Tinlin N A Tinlin
<b>Registered office</b>	27 North Bridge Street Hawick TD9 9BD
<b>Accountants</b>	Deans Accountants And Business Advisors Ltd 27 North Bridge Street Hawick TD9 9BD

# DEANS

Chartered Accountants

## Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd for the Period Ended 31 March 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd for the period ended 31 March 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland (ICAS), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icas.com/ethics/icas-code-of-ethics>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAS guidance ([www.icas.com/accountsprep/guidance](http://www.icas.com/accountsprep/guidance)). To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than J Tinlin Joinery Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that J Tinlin Joinery Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd. You consider that J Tinlin Joinery Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of J Tinlin Joinery Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

.....  
Deans Accountants And Business Advisors Ltd  
27 North Bridge Street  
Hawick  
TD9 9BD

7 November 2023

**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

**(Registration number: SC726232)  
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023**

	Note	2023 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>		
Intangible assets	<u>5</u>	8,000
Tangible assets	<u>6</u>	<u>23,162</u>
		<u>31,162</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Debtors	<u>7</u>	10,575
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>19,888</u>
		30,463
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<u>8</u>	<u>(16,649)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>13,814</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		44,976
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	<u>8</u>	<u>(5,953)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>39,023</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>		
Called up share capital	<u>10</u>	100
Retained earnings		<u>38,923</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>39,023</u></u>

For the financial period ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 7 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

.....  
J A Tinlin  
Director

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## **J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023**

#### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

27 North Bridge Street

Hawick

TD9 9BD

United Kingdom

The principal place of business is:

7 Mayfield Park

Hawick

Roxburghshire

TD9 7DY

Scotland

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 7 November 2023.

#### **2 Accounting policies**

##### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

##### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The company is not directly impacted by Brexit.

The company has suffered financially from the pandemic. Where appropriate, government support in the forms of grants and loans were used to mitigate the impact of lockdowns etc. The directors will continue to assess the impact of the pandemic and make decisions accordingly.

The accounts are presented in £GBP and are rounded to the nearest £1.

##### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

##### **Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

##### **Tax**

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

## J Tinlin Joinery Ltd

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	20% straight line.
Motor vehicles	25% straight line.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	5 Year straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## **J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023**

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Leases**

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### **Financial instruments**

##### ***Classification***

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### ***Recognition and measurement***

Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as an interest expense in the profit and loss account.

##### ***Impairment***

At the end of each reporting period financial instruments measured at fair value are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. The impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023**

**3 Staff numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 4.

**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023**

**4 Profit before tax**

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	<b>2023</b>
	£
Depreciation expense	4,695
Amortisation expense	2,000
	2,000

**5 Intangible assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b> £	<b>Total</b> £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>		
Additions acquired separately	10,000	10,000
At 31 March 2023	10,000	10,000
<b>Amortisation</b>		
Amortisation charge	2,000	2,000
At 31 March 2023	2,000	2,000
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
At 31 March 2023	8,000	8,000

**6 Tangible assets**

	<b>Motor vehicles</b> £	<b>Plant and machinery</b> £	<b>Total</b> £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
Additions	25,440	2,417	27,857
At 31 March 2023	25,440	2,417	27,857
<b>Depreciation</b>			
Charge for the period	4,078	617	4,695
At 31 March 2023	4,078	617	4,695
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 31 March 2023	21,362	1,800	23,162

**7 Debtors**

	<b>2023</b>
	£
<b>Current</b>	

Trade debtors	7,943
Other debtors	<u>2,632</u>
	<u><u>10,575</u></u>

**8 Creditors**

**Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

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**J Tinlin Joinery Ltd**

**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 March 2022 to 31 March 2023**

	Note	2023 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Loans and borrowings	9	3,760
Taxation and social security		14,706
Accruals and deferred income		1,000
Other creditors		(2,817)
		16,649

**Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

	Note	2023 £
<b>Due after one year</b>		
Loans and borrowings	9	5,953

**9 Loans and borrowings**

	2023 £
<b>Non-current loans and borrowings</b>	
Hire purchase contracts	5,953

	2023 £
<b>Current loans and borrowings</b>	
Hire purchase contracts	3,760

**10 Share capital**

**Allotted, called up and fully paid shares**

	2023 No.	2023 £
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100

**11 Related party transactions**

**Transactions with directors**

	At 15 March 2022 £	Advances to director £	Repayments by director £	At 31 March 2023 £
<b>2023</b>				
<b>J A Tinlin</b>				
The company advanced loans to J A Tinlin. Loans are repayable on demand.	-	2,632	-	2,632



This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.