

Company registration number SC761365 (Scotland)

**535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

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# 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

|   |       | 2025               |                        | 2024             |                      |
|---|-------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
|   | Notes | £                  | £                      | £                | £                    |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |       |                    |                        |                  |                      |
| Intangible assets                                     | 3     |                    | 586,501                |                  | 658,317              |
| Tangible assets                                       | 4     |                    | 31,631                 |                  | 25,319               |
|   |       |                    | <u>618,132</u>         |                  | <u>683,636</u>       |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |       |                    |                        |                  |                      |
| Stocks  |       | 38,833             |                        | 48,802           |                      |
| Debtors   | 5     | 270,961            |                        | 194,007          |                      |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |       | 84,237             |                        | 69,427           |                      |
|   |       | <u>394,031</u>     |                        | <u>312,236</u>   |                      |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | 6     | <u>(1,020,537)</u> |                        | <u>(977,140)</u> |                      |
| <b>Net current liabilities</b>                        |       |                    | <u>(626,506)</u>       |                  | <u>(664,904)</u>     |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |       |                    | <u>(8,374)</u>         |                  | <u>18,732</u>        |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>                     |       |                    | <u>(7,843)</u>         |                  | <u>(6,270)</u>       |
| <b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>                       |       |                    | <u><u>(16,217)</u></u> |                  | <u><u>12,462</u></u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |       |                    |                        |                  |                      |
| Called up share capital                               |       |                    | 3                      |                  | 3                    |
| Profit and loss reserves                              |       |                    | <u>(16,220)</u>        |                  | <u>12,459</u>        |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                   |       |                    | <u><u>(16,217)</u></u> |                  | <u><u>12,462</u></u> |

## **535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD**

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

**AS AT 31 MARCH 2025**

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 December 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr O Najafian  
**Director**

Company registration number SC761365 (Scotland)

# 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

535 Maryhill Road Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 125 West Regent Street, Glasgow, G2 2SD.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. However, the directors are aware of certain material uncertainties which may cause doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

## 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Fixtures and fittings | 15% reducing balance |
| Computers             | 15% reducing balance |
| Motor vehicles        | 15% reducing balance |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

## 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

|       | 2025<br>Number | 2024<br>Number |
|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Total | 12             | 12             |

#### 3 Intangible fixed assets

|                                    | Goodwill<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |               |
| At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025  | 718,164       |
| <b>Amortisation and impairment</b> |               |
| At 1 April 2024                    | 59,847        |
| Amortisation charged for the year  | 71,816        |
| At 31 March 2025                   | 131,663       |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |               |
| At 31 March 2025                   | 586,501       |
| At 31 March 2024                   | 658,317       |

#### 4 Tangible fixed assets

|                                    | Fixtures and<br>fittings<br>£ | Computers<br>£ | Motor vehicles<br>£ | Total<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                               |                |                     |            |
| At 1 April 2024                    | 16,206                        | 13,584         | -                   | 29,790     |
| Additions                          | 397                           | -              | 11,498              | 11,895     |
| At 31 March 2025                   | 16,603                        | 13,584         | 11,498              | 41,685     |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b> |                               |                |                     |            |
| At 1 April 2024                    | 2,433                         | 2,038          | -                   | 4,471      |
| Depreciation charged in the year   | 2,126                         | 1,732          | 1,725               | 5,583      |
| At 31 March 2025                   | 4,559                         | 3,770          | 1,725               | 10,054     |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                               |                |                     |            |
| At 31 March 2025                   | 12,044                        | 9,814          | 9,773               | 31,631     |
| At 31 March 2024                   | 13,773                        | 11,546         | -                   | 25,319     |

## 535 MARYHILL ROAD LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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| 5 Debtors                            | 2025           | 2024           |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Amounts falling due within one year: | £              | £              |
| Trade debtors                        | 77,600         | 107,901        |
| Corporation tax recoverable          | 2,173          | 2,173          |
| Other debtors                        | 191,188        | 83,933         |
|                                      | <u>270,961</u> | <u>194,007</u> |

| 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2025             | 2024           |
|--|------------------|----------------|
|  | £                | £              |
| Trade creditors                                  | 82,439           | 60,968         |
| Corporation tax                                  | 12,806           | 19,654         |
| Other taxation and social security               | 4,062            | 4,054          |
| Other creditors                                  | 921,230          | 892,464        |
|  | <u>1,020,537</u> | <u>977,140</u> |

### 7 Directors' transactions

Advances or credits have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

| Description     | % Rate | Opening<br>balance<br>£ | Amounts<br>advanced<br>£ | Interest charged<br>£ | Closing balance<br>£ |
|-----------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Mr A Najafian - | 2.25   | 6,439                   | 10,670                   | 337                   | 17,446               |
|                 |        | <u>6,439</u>            | <u>10,670</u>            | <u>337</u>            | <u>17,446</u>        |

At the year end there is a loan owed by director Amir Najafian of £17,109 (2024 - £6,439). This loan is charged interest at a rate of 2.25%, the total interest paid this year was £337. This loan is unsecured and repayable on demand.

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